PD - Periodontal Disease

PD-AP ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY

OUTCOME: The patient/family will have a basic understanding of the supportive structures of the tooth.

STANDARDS:

1. Discuss the importance of the supportive structures of the tooth which are composed of attached tissue, periodontal ligaments and alveolar bone.

PD-C COMPLICATIONS

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand some of the complications of periodontal disease.

STANDARDS:

- 1. Discuss that periodontal disease may cause seeding of the blood with bacteria. Some of the complications of this may be:
 - a. Valvular heart disease
 - b. Myocardial infarction
 - c. Stroke
 - d. Low birth-weight infants
 - e. Pre-term delivery
- 2. Discuss that periodontal disease often results in loss of alveolar bone and loosening of teeth. This may eventually result in tooth loss.
- 3. Discuss that periodontal disease almost always results in bad breath.
- 4. Discuss that periodontal disease may result in dental caries. **Refer to DC.**

PD-DP DISEASE PROCESS

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand the periodontal disease process and list some of the causes.

STANDARDS:

1. Explain that bacterial plaque release toxins that irritate and damage the gums. Over time this infectious process may progress to involve the supporting structures of the tooth leading to bone loss and eventual loss of the tooth/teeth.

- 2. Explain that genetics and lifestyle choices play a role in the development of periodontal disease, e.g., diseases of the immune system, uncontrolled diabetes, and tobacco and/or alcohol use.
- 3. Explain that early seeding of the mouth with pathologic bacteria may predispose to the development of periodontal disease.

PD-FU FOLLOW-UP

OUTCOME: The patient will understand the importance of regular dental follow-up.

STANDARDS:

- 1. Explain the course of treatment for the current disease process, including the schedule for treatments and follow-up.
- 2. Emphasize the importance of following the current recommendations for routine dental examination and periodontal maintenance appointments.
- 3. Emphasize the importance of a dental visit if any problems occur between scheduled dental visits.
- 4. Assist the patient in making follow-up appointments and refer to outside providers as appropriate.

PD-HY HYGIENE

OUTCOME: The patient/family will recognize good oral hygiene as an aspect of wellness.

STANDARDS:

- 1. Discuss hygiene as part of a positive self image.
- 2. Review daily dental hygiene habits.
- 3. Discuss the importance of daily oral care in preventing cavities and gum disease.

PD-L PATIENT INFORMATION LITERATURE

OUTCOME: The patient/family will receive written information about periodontal disease, its treatment and/or the oral care necessary for prevention/maintenance of disease.

STANDARDS:

- 1. Provide patient/family with written patient information literature on periodontal disease, treatment and/or the oral care necessary for prevention/maintenance of disease.
- 2. Discuss the content of the patient information literature with the patient/family.

PD-M MEDICATIONS

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand the importance of medication in the treatment of the periodontal disease and will make a plan to fully participate with therapy.

STANDARDS:

- 1. Discuss the proper use, benefits, common side-effects, and food or drug interactions of the prescribed medication. Include procedure for follow-up if problems occur.
- 2. Discuss the use of chlorhexidine as appropriate. Discuss the common and important side-effects, common or important drug interactions (e.g., fluoride) and indications for immediate follow-up.
- 3. Explain the importance of completing the course of therapy and its role in eradicating the infection and/or decreasing the infectiousness of the periodontal disease.
- 4. Explain, as appropriate, that failure to complete the course of antibiotics may cause the development of resistant organisms.
- 5. Discuss, as appropriate, the concomitant use of antipyretics or NSAIDS.

PD- MNT MEDICAL NUTRITION THERAPY

OUTCOME: The patient and family will understand the specific nutritional intervention(s) needed for treatment or management of periodontal disease.

STANDARDS:

- 1. Explain that Medical Nutrition Therapy (MNT) is a systematic nutrition care process provided by a Registered Dietitian (RD) that consists of the following:
 - a. Assessment of the nutrition related condition.
 - b. Identification of the patient's nutritional problem.
 - c. Identification of a specific nutrition intervention therapy plan.
 - d. Evaluation of the patient's nutritional care outcomes.
 - e. Reassessment as needed.
- 2. Review the basic nutrition recommendations for the treatment plan.
- 3. Discuss the benefits of nutrition and exercise to health and well-being.
- 4. Assist the patient/family in developing an appropriate nutrition care plan.
- 5. Refer to other providers or community resources as needed.

PD-N NUTRITION

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand the importance of a balanced diet, low in carbohydrates, especially simple sugars, and with adequate calcium and fluoride.

STANDARDS:

- 1. Discuss the relationship between a diet high in carbohydrates, especially simple sugars, and the development of dental caries. Give examples of foods high in simple sugars, e.g., crackers, potato chips, candy, pre-sweetened cereals.
- 2. Discuss the importance of calcium and fluoride intake as it relates to tooth development/mineralization.
- 3. Discuss foods that may be contraindicated secondary to instability of the teeth, e.g., apples, corn on the cob.
- 4. Refer to a registered dietitian as appropriate.

PD-P PREVENTION

OUTCOME: The patient will be able to identify some ways to help prevent periodontal disease.

STANDARDS:

- 1. Early entry (prenatal and infancy) into dental care is important in the prevention of periodontal disease.
- 2. Emphasize the importance of treating all family members with periodontal disease, especially if the family includes children ages 6 months to 8 years.
- 3. Explain that the best preventive measures are daily plaque removal, primarily by brushing and flossing.
- 4. Emphasize the importance of regular and timely dental examination and professional cleaning in the prevention of periodontal disease.

PD-PM PAIN MANAGEMENT

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand the plan for pain management.

STANDARDS:

- 1. Explain that pain management is specific to the disease process of this particular diagnosis and patient; and may be multifaceted. **Refer to PM**.
- 2. Explain that short-term use of Tylenol, NSAIDS, and/or narcotics may be helpful in pain management as appropriate.
- 3. Explain that antibiotics may be helpful in pain relief.
- 4. Explain non-pharmacologic measures that may be helpful with pain control, e.g., avoid firm foods.

- 5. Explain that dental anxiety may be controlled or relieved by the use of anxiolytics or antihistamines as appropriate.
- 6. Explain that local anesthetics and/or nitrous oxide may be used to control pain during dental procedures.

PD-PRO PROCEDURES

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand the dental procedure.

- 1. Explain the basic procedure to be used and the indication, common complications and alternatives as well as the risks of non-treatment.
- 2. Explain that dental anxiety may be controlled or relieved by the use of anxiolytics or antihistamines as appropriate.

PD-TE TESTS

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand the test(s) to be performed, the risk(s)/benefit(s) of the test(s) and the risk(s) of refusal of the test(s).

STANDARDS:

- 1. Discuss the test(s) to be performed, e.g., x-ray, bacteriological testing, periodontal probing.
- 2. Explain the necessity, benefits, and risks of the test to be performed and how it relates to the course of treatment. Discuss the risks of non-performance of the testing.

PD-TO TOBACCO

OUTCOME: The patient/family will understand the role of tobacco use in periodontal disease.

STANDARDS:

- 1. Discuss that tobacco use is a significant risk factor for development of dental disease and tooth loss.
- 2. Encourage smoking cessation. If the patient is unwilling to stop smoking, emphasize the importance of cutting back on the number of cigarettes smoked in an effort to quit. **Refer to TO.**

PD-TX TREATMENT

OUTCOME: The patient will understand the necessary treatment (e.g., scaling and root planning, chemotherapeutics, surgical treatment) and the proper oral care after treatment.

STANDARDS:

- 1. Explain the proposed procedure including indications, risks, benefits, alternatives and the consequences of non-treatment.
- 2. Review the specific elements of periodontal maintenance after treatment, e.g., daily plaque removal, use of oral rinses, and keeping scheduled appointments.